

NEWS OF THE WEEK

HAPPENINGS OF THE SEVEN
PAST DAYS ARE BRIEFLY
PRESENTED.

FROM AROUND THE PLANET

Dispatches From Our Own and Foreign
Countries Are Here Given
In Short Meter for
Busy Readers.

Legislative

Senator Wolf of Franklin has introduced a bill in the Kansas senate giving to monument dealers a lien on the stones they place over the graves of the dead. No inscriptions may be carved on these stones until payment has been made for the monuments.

The lower house of the New Mexico legislature unanimously ratified the income tax amendment to the United States constitution. The state senate has already adopted the amendment.

Senator Rodgers introduced a bill in the Arkansas senate abolishing tipping in restaurants, hotels and Pullman cars. The bill provides penalties for both tipper and tippee.

The Pennsylvania house passed the Rockwell resolution to amend the constitution so as to allow women to vote. The bill will now go to the senate, where a hot fight is expected.

A bill prohibiting the employment of white women or white girls in a place of business owned or managed by a Chinese or a Japanese was introduced in the legislature by the government of Manitoba.

The West Virginia senate adopted the house resolution ratifying the amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by popular vote.

An amendment to the constitution of the United States prohibiting polygamy is sought in a joint resolution introduced in the lower house of the Indiana legislature.

Domestic

Forty-three persons were hurt when a Mississippi Central train leaped the track near Brookhaven, Miss. One coach fell into a creek and two others hung suspended over the water. Nearly all the injured were negroes.

Trustees of the Loyal Order of Moose, in session at Chicago, voted to establish a \$1,000,000 industrial and educational institution near Aurora, Ill., for the benefit of orphans and poor children whose parents were or are members of the order. Practical trades and scientific farming will be taught.

The will of the late Capt. L. T. Heritage, filed for probate at Emporia, Kan., provides a trust fund of \$30,000 to be used "to beautify and brighten child life" in Emporia.

F. O. Beach was acquitted in the Alchen county S. C. court on the charge of assaulting his wife. The jury was out exactly one hour and 45 minutes.

Seven persons were seriously injured, three probably fatally, when an Iron Mountain freight and passenger train backed into a moving freight near Collinston, La.

Fifteen passengers of the Pittsburgh & Cincinnati packet City of Parkersburg had a narrow escape from drowning when that boat sank in the Ohio river. The vessel struck Bear Trap pier, near Gallipolis, O., during a heavy snowstorm and went down a few minutes later.

Twelve minutes after he had been under interrogation by Attorney Uttermyer, for the money trust committee, at Jekyll Island, William Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, developed symptoms of a throat spasm and the investigation immediately was terminated.

John D. Rockefeller's personal exchequer received a boost of nearly \$10,000,000 when the Standard Oil company of New Jersey cut a \$40,000,000 melon. He was the principal beneficiary of a "cash distribution" of \$40 a share on all outstanding capital stock.

Mrs. W. D. Wellborn, a wife of a wealthy real estate man of Miami, Fla., was shot and killed at her residence here by Benjamin Woolman, prominent in political circles.

In a fight at Carrier Mills, Ill., Frank Pink was shot and killed and Elijah Henderson, a bystander, was wounded, perhaps fatally, by Hubert Baker. Coroner Butler held an inquest and the jury held Baker to the grand jury without bond.

Four American warships were ordered to Central American coasts to prevent a revolution which the secretary of state believes may result in a general war involving every southern country except Mexico and Costa Rica.

The heirs have abandoned their contest of the will of Mrs. Harry Baker G. Eddy, coincident with the enactment by the Massachusetts legislature of an enabling act permitting the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Boston, to receive the Eddy bequest.

With Engineer E. Kleth dead in his seat, a Frisco extra freight train ran five miles without a mishap. The fireman, F. J. Smith, finally stopped the train.

A fund of \$100,000 is being raised by the Chinese in the United States and Canada to outfit the army that is to march from Peking to protect Chinese interests in Mongolia against Russia.

"Twenty women to one man in Denver drink intoxicating liquor, and they drink more than men." This was the statement made on the floor of the Colorado senate by Senator John Hecker of Denver.

Washington

Fines aggregating \$50,000 were imposed by Justice Stafford in the United States criminal court on eight bucket shop proprietors indicted through the efforts of the department of justice in April, 1910.

Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary submitted to an operation in Washington, the nature of which is not disclosed. Alarming reports that it was for appendicitis or stomach trouble are emphatically denied by the family.

The first checks paid to pensioners under the new system which did away with the 18 agencies in various parts of the country, uniting them in Washington under one head, have just gone out, and every one of the more than 300,000 due this month were in the mail on time.

Plans announced for dissolution of the Union Pacific road merger will be sanctioned by the government, according to Attorney General Wickersham. Wickersham announced that a statement would be issued by the department of justice within a few days.

With a view to preventing the bomb outrages which have become a frequent means of destroying life and property, Representative Slayden of Texas introduced a bill that will provide for the keeping of an accurate record of every pound of high explosive from the time of its manufacture until its consumption.

The supreme court of the United States refused a writ of error in the case of Jack Johnson against United States Marshal Hay, involving the negro pugilist's arrest for violation of the white slave act.

After months of hearings, the house judiciary committee planned to make favorable report on one of the numerous bills providing for restriction upon interstate liquor shipments of liquor from "wet" to "dry" states.

Foreign

A new army bill increasing the strength of the German military forces is to be introduced into the imperial parliament after the Easter recess.

Hundreds of thousands of persons in England were out of wire communication as the result of operations of the militant suffragettes, who began a campaign of cutting telephone and telegraph wires.

It was reported in Chicago that William J. Calhoun, United States minister to China, will leave Peking in a few days for the United States on a furlough.

Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, daughter of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant suffragette leader, was fined \$10 in Bow street and given the alternative of serving 14 days in jail.

In 1912 331,137 British subjects emigrated to the colonies, 25,000 more than the previous year. They went mostly to Canada and Australia.

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Nineteen persons, 12 passengers and seven members of the crew, were drowned when the schooner Granada was wrecked off Greytown, Nicaragua. There were only two survivors.

A special dispatch received from Sofia by the German war office, at Berlin, officially announced that the Bulgarians on the Peninsula of Gallipoli, having captured Bulair, are advancing on the town of Gallipoli with fair prospect of taking it.

A section of the east bank of the Panama canal 800 feet long broke and fell into Culebra cut, covering three railway tracks in the bottom of the cut and filling a drainage ditch in the center of the bottom.

Martial law has been proclaimed throughout Salvador. President Arango lies in a dangerous condition as the result of an attack by five would-be assassins.

Ex-King Manuel of Portugal ate 2-cent pudding in a Drury Lane (London) lodging house, and when he praised the fare the manager offered to board him for a quarter a day.

Twenty bystanders were killed by the explosion of a bomb hurled at the civil governor of Foo Chow as he crossed a bridge. The governor was unhurt. He chased and arrested the assassin.

Gov. McGovern refused to appear personally or by counsel before the Wisconsin senate committee in connection with the request contained in a resolution adopted by that body calling for an investigation of the governor's removal of Insurance Commissioner H. L. Ekers.

SENATE CHANGES
SCHOOL AGE LIMIT

KINNEY'S RESOLUTION MEETS
NO OPPOSITION WHEN IT IS
CALLED FOR VOTE.

ACTS ON 2 HOME RULE BILLS

Bulk Sales Measure Gets Boost by
Joint Committee on Commerce—
Senate Turns Down Ticket
Scalper Act.

Jefferson City, Mo.—Not a vote was cast against the Kinney bill reducing the school age limit from 6 to 5 years when the measure came up for passage in the senate.

The bill is the same as the school age limit amendment submitted to the people at the November election, and which suffered defeat along with the single tax amendment.

Instead of a constitutional amendment, Senator Kinney introduced a bill covering the same point of reducing the time when a child may attend school. This was done following an opinion of E. M. Grossman, attorney for the board of education, to the effect that it can be done through a legislative act.

In addition to reducing the minimum school age from 6 to 5, the bill removes the maximum age for which public instruction can be provided. The present law fixes this age at 20.

The bill is strongly supported by prominent educators throughout the state.

Two Home Rule Bills.

The senate committee on municipal corporations, of which are Senators Brogan, Kinney and Cassidy of St. Louis, in executive session, agreed to report out favorably two of the home rule bills for St. Louis.

One deals with the police board and the other with the excise commission. The third measure dealing with the election board was not taken up for consideration.

Power of removal by the governor is the chief amendment made to the original measures.

The increase in salary for policemen, sergeants and others of the police department of St. Louis was taken up for argument, but no action taken.

Ticket Scalper Bill Killed.

The senate, by a vote of 7 to 21, defeated a bill by Senator White of Linn regulating the sale and redemption of railroad tickets. The bill would have prevented the sale of tickets by scalpers and provided that all unused tickets and unused portions be redeemed by the companies within 60 days after the tickets expire.

By a unanimous vote the bulk sales bill, drawn at the instance of and backed by the Credit Men's association of St. Louis, was reported favorably by the joint senate and house committee on commerce and manufacture.

Two years ago a similar law was proposed, but defeated by the opposition of retailers, who don't approve of some provisions of the bill.

The bill is designed to prevent fraudulent transfer of merchandise stocks and their sale at ruinous competitive prices.

Appropriations From Wrong Fund.

Attorney General Barker rendered an opinion to the senate to the effect that the \$143,000 commission for the sale of the capitol bonds, must be paid out of the building fund. A week ago the house passed a resolution appropriating the amount from the revenue fund.

Senator Green of Kansas City introduced a substitute resolution carrying out the recommendation in Barker's decision. The resolution will be laid over one day. The amount will be taken from the \$3,000 provided for the new capitol.

Women Win Suffrage Fight.

Jefferson City, Mo.—Missouri suffragists were swept off their feet with surprise when the senate and house committee on constitutional amendments cut short the arguments of the equal suffrage advocates and voted to report favorably the amendment submitting the question to a vote.

The occasion was a public hearing on the amendment. The women, into whose ears rumors had leaked that opposition would develop against their move, came prepared for a battle. The best speakers of their ranks, reinforced by men of note, stood by to advance arguments for equal suffrage, when, without warning, Senator Francis M. Wilson moved that the senate committee report the amendment favorably. It carried unanimously. The house committee followed with but one against it, and the meeting was over.

Wall Paper Hint.

Before putting on new wall paper it is best to remove the old paper, and if a boilerful of boiling water is placed in the room and all the windows and doors closed, the steam will soften the paper to such an extent that it is easily removed.

What She Saw in Him.

"You must have seen some trait in me to admire," said Mr. Meekton, "or you wouldn't have married me." "I did," replied the wife; "your sublime nerve in wanting to be my husband."

Owned Up.

"You know I refused you half a dozen times before we were married," said Mr. Meekton's wife. "Yes," replied her husband. "I suspect that's what has kept me from ever wanting my own way again."

Kept to Standard.

Each high achievement is a sign and token of the whole nature's possibility. What a piece of the man was for that shining movement. It is the duty of the whole man to be always—Phillips Brooks.

Drys Win Test Vote.

Jefferson City.—The house voted dry by a test of 79 to 54 on the county unit bill. The test gives the drys absolute control of the house, as only 72 votes are required to pass any measure. The 79 votes, however, are not sufficient to pass an emergency clause, for which 95 votes are required.

The test came up on the first amendment to the county unit bill, which provides that all counties in the state shall vote as a unit on local option. Under the present law, a town of 2,500 inhabitants may vote separately from the remainder of the county.

Orr of Livingston led the wet forces and Hay of Callaway, author of the bill, the drys. Orr presented an amendment to the effect that no local option election could be held in a town of 2,500 inhabitants until four years after a previous election on the same question.

Hay of Callaway county, the father of the measure, house bill 19, moved that the bill be engrossed. Orr caused the fight to start at the offset in presenting the amendment providing that elections cannot be held in a county containing a city of 2,500 until four years after the election at which the town voted wet or dry.

Orr declared his position by saying he would vote to efface liquor, but that since it was manufactured and could not be eradicated, he favored strong regulation.

Col. Phelps offered an amendment providing that the bill "shall be referred to the people of the state for their approval or rejection at the regular general biennial election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1914; and the secretary of state is directed to place same upon the ballot in the same manner as measures are submitted to the people by the initiative or referendum by petition."

Bills Introduced.

A bill authorizing St. Louis and other cities having the right to frame city charters to provide therein for the appointment, organization and control of a police force was introduced by Representative Farrington.

This bill covers practically the same ground as an amendment offered to the Bates home rule police bill last week by Representative Remmers.

Making it the duty of the department of agriculture and state board of horticulture to supervise the eradication of dangerous insects and plant diseases—McRoberts.

To establish practical instruction in farming for negro boys and a negro farm institute—McCollum.

Allowing saloons to open at 7 p. m. on election days and remain open until 1 a. m.—Murphy.

Providing for five days' notice of request for marriage license—Murphy.

Empowering the warden of the penitentiary to sell product of penitentiary twice factory to farmers of the state—Cornelius.

Making it the duty of the state treasurer to divide state funds into 100 equal parts, instead of 20, and allowing bids for state deposits to be made on the smaller parts—Phelps.

Creating office of county auditor, at \$2,000 salary, in Jasper county—Roney, Phelps and Wolfe.

Creating state eclectic medical board of seven members—Hicks.

Providing for the issuance of certificates insuring the titles to real estate and the deposit of securities for the protection of beneficiaries under this kind of insurance—Hicks, by request.

Insurance Law Killed.

The Orr bill repealing the Oliver fire insurance rating law, passed by the last legislature, passed the house by a vote of 125 to 3. It will be sent to the senate immediately for confirmation. If it passes the senate the law in force previous to 1911 will be reinstated.

Two "Jim Crow" Bills.

Jefferson City.—Loud applause came from the members when two "Jim Crow" bills were introduced into the house of representatives. The second bill offered was more stringent than one introduced a few minutes before, and it gained the greater applause.

The two bills apply to railroads and interurban electric lines and provide for separate coaches for whites and blacks on trains and separate waiting rooms in depots. The "Jim Crow" bills probably will be a big issue in the legislature before adjournment is taken. Leaders in the house and senate have been trying to suppress such legislation.

Hawes Clashes With Editor.

A personal encounter between Harry B. Hawes and Frederick B. Warren, editor of a St. Louis afternoon paper, was barely averted at the close of the hearing in the senate chamber of the St. Louis home rule bills. When Warren arose to reply to Hawes the latter started for the newspaper man, but friends restrained Hawes and led him to the rear of the chamber. The clash threw the chamber into an uproar and Senators Wilson and Lyngard urged Warren to desist from personalities. He then cut his address short.

Slaps Cook; Finds Stolen Goods.

Chicago.—The house detective slapped a fat cook of the Hotel Blackstone on the stomach. The fat cook was fatter than usual. Under his shirt were bacon, a dozen eggs and a pound of butter. He was arrested.

Sentenced to Hour in Penitentiary.

McAlester, Ok.—One hour in the penitentiary was the verdict rendered in district court in the case of Thomas Hall, convicted of padding a Rock Island Railway payroll.

Family Living in Sewer.

Paris.—Paul Hittin, his wife, sister and five little children were evicted from their home for non-payment of rent and they moved their belongings into one of the main sewers in the heart of Paris.

HARRIMAN ROADS
WILL OBEY COURT

ATTORNEY GENERAL WICKER-
SHAM ANNOUNCES AGREE-
MENT OF TWO ROADS.

END OF MONOPOLY IN SIGHT

Declares Compliance With Supreme
Court Order Will Restore Railway
Competition Between East
and Pacific Coast.

Washington, D. C.—Attorney General Wickersham announced that he had reached an agreement with the representatives of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads for the dissolution of the great Harriman merger as decreed by the supreme court.

The Union Pacific agrees to sell its 1,266,500 shares of Southern Pacific stock to its own stockholders, and those of the Southern Pacific in what the government regards as safe proportion. The Union Pacific will acquire the Central Pacific from the Southern Pacific, giving it an extension from Ogden to the Pacific coast.

Similar to Road's Plans.

The plan essentially is the same as that made public a few days ago by the two roads when they reached an agreement satisfactory to themselves dissolving the merger.

The attorney general in a public statement goes into greater detail, however, and declares that competition will supplant monopoly under the agreed scheme of separation. He gives it his unqualified approval.

The various contracts necessary for the carrying out of the agreement authorized by the boards of directors of the railroad companies have been completed and the effectiveness of the plan is conditioned upon its approval by the United States district court, to which it will be presented at an early date.

Foresees Ideal Competition.

In his statement, the attorney general said:

"The result of the whole transaction will be to create ideal competitive conditions between the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific for transcontinental business between Eastern points and Portland and San Francisco, and to relieve the states of California and Oregon of the monopoly of railroad control which has been the occasion of such widespread public dissatisfaction in the past."

The attorney general feels that the approval and the carrying out of this plan will accomplish results of incalculable benefit to the public, and he is more than satisfied that there was any reason to anticipate could have been secured.

Admits Killing Father.

Chillicothe, Mo.—After remaining a mystery since the night of Nov. 29, 1911, the murder of Edward S. Hoyt, a wealthy stockman and farmer of Livingston county, was solved by the confession of Lee Hoyt, 19 years old, son of the murdered man. Immediately after finding the body of Hoyt with his head almost beaten to a pulp, a grand jury examined more than 100 witnesses without success.

Insurgent Plot Is Bared.

Washington, D. C.—Definite information of a triple conspiracy to form a Central American republic, embracing Honduras, Guatemala, Salvador, Nicaragua and Colombia is in the hands of the state department and this information, it was said, caused President Taft's hurried order dispatching four warships to Central American waters.

Kills Three Negroes.

Evansville, Ind.—Allen Von Behren, aged 22, son of B. F. Von Behren, millionaire manufacturer of Evansville, shot and killed three negroes at the wood-working plant of the Von Behren Manufacturing company. He told the police the negroes were trying to run the plant, but it is believed he has suddenly gone insane.

Stork Visits Five in One Family.

Fort Smith, Ark.—Within five hours G. W. Rainwater, a farmer of Grovetownship, Franklin county, was made a grandfather five times. Three daughters gave birth to sons and two daughters-in-law gave birth to girls.

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Mail Carriers for Census.

Washington.—That Uncle Sam should use the mail carriers for the gathering of the census is the recommendation made by Census Director Durand, in his annual report to the secretary of commerce and labor.

Congressional Notes

Representative Hensley of Missouri is one of eight Democratic members of the committee on naval affairs who favors making provision for only one battleship in the forthcoming naval appropriation bill. The other six Democrats on the committee favor two or more battleships, and with the seven Republican members constitute an overwhelming majority against the "small navy" members.

President-elect Wilson's attitude on the Panama canal tolls and free passage for American coastwise ships, is expected to have an important bearing upon the senate action on the Root amendment proposing the repeal of the free ship provision of the bill passed last August.

The majority of the house committee on ways and means, which body is framing tariff revision legislation, for the coming extra session of congress, agreed upon radical reductions in the customs duties on mica, asphalt and various kinds of chinaware and glassware of the cheaper varieties.

Representative Morgan of Oklahoma addressed the house on his bill to appropriate more than \$30,000,000 to compensate that state for losses as a result of nontaxable Indian lands.

Opposition of Democratic senators to the confirmation of President Taft's 1,500 pending nominations has brought some Republican senators in to the position of threatening retaliation after the Democrats come into power March 4.

A resolution calling on President Taft for a statement for the reason why "American marines invaded Nicaragua last summer took forcible occupation of a territory of a friendly nation, and entered into armed combat with its citizens" was introduced in the senate by Senator Alden Smith of Michigan.

Federal office holders and employees who have been solicited to contribute to national campaign funds are to be summoned as witnesses by the senate campaign expenditure committee when it opens up its investigation into campaign expenses of the general election of 1912.

With "no battleships" as their slogan members of the house opposed to a big navy got a sufficient number of signatures to a petition for a Democratic caucus on the question of how many battleships shall be authorized this year.

Senator Cullom filed with the senate a memorial signed by 4,700 citizens of Illinois protesting against the passage of the Owen bill, providing for the creation of an independent bureau of health or other similar radical legislation. Christian Scientists probably predominate among the signers, although osteopaths, eclectics, homeopaths and others appended their names.

Former Senator Joseph W. Bailey's farewell address to the senate will not be printed as a public document. When Senator Martin proposed it Senator Smoot objected to having the speech reprinted at the government's expense.

Despite the fact that the author of the principal charges of corruption in the election of Senators Watson and Chilton of West Virginia in 1911 withdrew his allegations, the senate election committee may proceed to an investigation.

Eulogies on the life of the late Senator Rayner of Maryland were delivered in the house by Representatives Lewis, Tabbot, Lathum, Knig and Covington and other members.

Before he quits office President Taft expects to send to the senate two nominations of five more federal judges, making a total of 114 during his administration, a number unequaled so far as records of documents show, by any other president in a term.

The house passed the bill already passed by the senate, repealing the provision of the Indian appropriation act of 1907, authorizing the sale of the Wyandotte burial ground in Kansas City, Kan.

The senate passed a bill granting an increase of pension to Harriet Porter, widow of Maj. Gen. Fitz John Porter, of Mexican war fame.

John Burroughs and Ernest Thompson, Seneca, the naturalists, are in Washington to urge congress to enact legislation designed to protect bird life in the United States.

Coal mining companies in Oklahoma, operating in the Choctaw-Chickasaw country, receive the right to acquire an additional 640 acres of land adjoining their present leases, under a bill passed by the house of representatives.

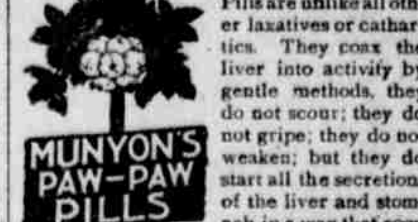
President Taft signed the congressional resolution appropriating \$25,000 for the expenses of Gov. Wilson's inauguration.

The diplomatic and consular bill, carrying \$3,764,543, was reported to the house by the foreign affairs committee. The total is \$200,000 below the official estimate and \$180,000 above last year's appropriation.

With amendments appropriating \$1,800,000 for irrigation on the Yakima Indian reservation in Washington, \$307,000 for hospitals, \$123,000 for the suppression of the liquor and drug traffic and many other increases over the house figures, the Indian appropriation bill was approved by the senate committee.

Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania, in a speech on Stephen Decatur and the gallant frigate Philadelphia, urged the house to appropriate money to recover the Philadelphia's hull and relics now under water in the harbor of Tripoli.

CONSTIPATION



Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods, they do not scour; they do not gripe; they do not weaken; but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverishing it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

CANADA'S OFFERING
TO THE SETTLER

THE AMERICAN RUSH TO
WESTERN CANADA
IS INCREASING

Free Homesteads in the new territories of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are thousands of free homesteads left open to the man making entry in 3 years time. The world from \$10 to \$25 per acre. These lands are well adapted to grain growing and cattle raising.

EXCELLENT SALARY PATENTS In many cases the railways in Canada have been built in advance of settlement, and in a short time there will not be a settler who need be more than ten or twelve miles from a line of rail. The Canadian Government is now offering to the settler a large amount of land for a small fee.

Social Conditions The American settler in a home in Western Canada. He is not a stranger in a strange land, having nearly a million of his own people already settled there. If you desire to know why the Canadian Government is now offering to the settler a large amount of land for a small fee, write to the Canadian Government, Ottawa, Canada.

G. A. COOK, 214 W. 4th Street, St. Paul, Minn., and C. E. Thompson, 112 S. 2nd Street, St. Paul, Minn., Canadian Government Agents, or write to the Canadian Government, Ottawa, Canada.

THOUGHTFUL R